



SAVING LIVES CHANGING LIVES **Control Tower**Joint Supply Chain Planning Approach

April 2021

Fertilizer Import and Distribution: Overview



Fertilizer import and distribution in Ethiopia



Overview

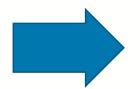
- Ethiopian Shipping and Logistics Service Enterprise
 ESLSE has the national mandate for fertilizer distribution, from load ports, via one unique entry point (Djibouti Port) to over 170 union warehouses using the road & rail network
- Seasonal demand from December/January to May/June (before agricultural season)
- Annual total target of about 2 million MT purchase in lots of up to 75k MT from Morocco, Egypt, China, UAE, etc.
- Multiple stakeholders involved: Ministries of Agriculture, Transport, Finance; EMAA, and others.

A complex operation

For example, a daily discharge and dispatch target of 10,000 MT is required to deliver in time. This means that on average 5 of 6 available berths need to be utilized continuously.

Supply chain inefficiencies due to **cumulative delays** of suppliers, **congestion** at Djibouti port, and on transporters' side. As a result:

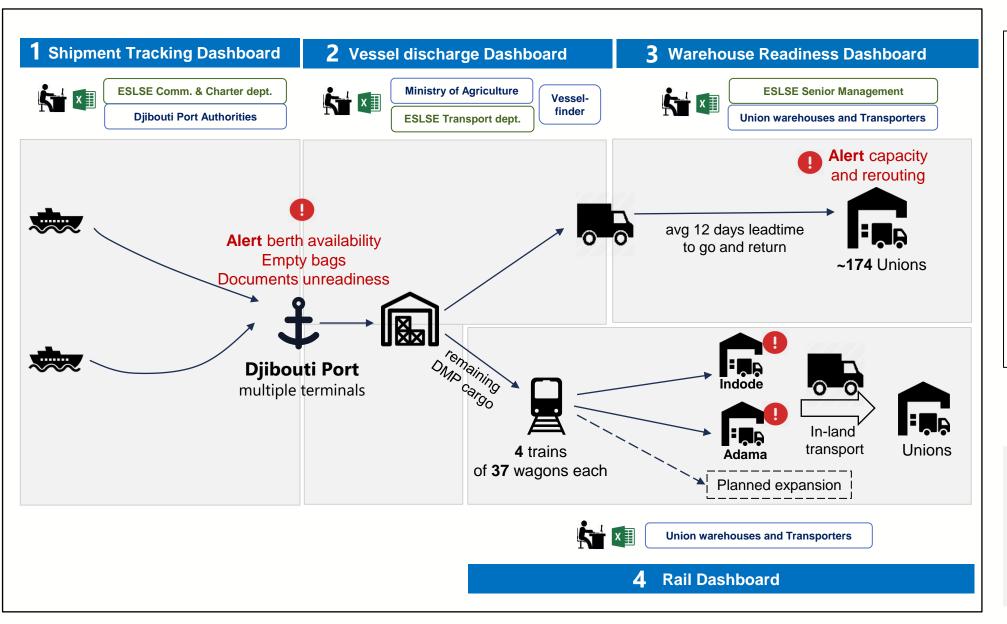
High risk of incurring demurrage costs & missing the seasonal window / deadline



A control tower is required to effectively and efficiently manage this large and complex operation, to have full visibility on the operation and to be agile.



Fertilizer Supply Chain overview



Key Outputs



- Daily Vessels status summary
- Allocation vessels to destinations, unions, transporters
 GAP tracking
- Tracking of transporters, warehouse capacities
- Allocation of DMP volume to trains, rail stations, transporters



Executive Summary

- Progress vs. Target
- Breakdown by Region & Products
- Transporter Performance
- Alerts at Port

Maturity Assessment



Control Tower – Maturity assessment indicators

- **Inputs** are all relevant data included and tracked in the CT?
- **Data collection** is the process well defined with clear focal points/data sources?
- **Data transformation** is data processed in an efficient manner?
- **Automation** are the processes in place manual or automated? Any room for improvement?
- **Visualization and Reporting** *are critical information transformed into standardized visuals to report to management?*
- **Operational Alerts** can critical issues be easily identified and flagged to the management?
- **Analytics** is data analyzed to support better planning? Can the type of analyses / recommendations be improved?
- **Cost-efficiency analysis** is the cost component considered to evaluate efficiency of the overall supply chain?
- **Allocation optimization** are optimization techniques being applied to identify optimal allocation of vessels to berths, cargo to trucks and trail, volumes to transporters and cargo to units? Could it be improved?
- **Process** are roles clear among different stakeholders and actors in the entire process? is/was there a coordinator?
- **Stakeholder engagement** are all relevant stakeholders included systematically in operations management?
- **Meetings** are the right meetings in place to facilitate integrated planning? (Who? When? What is discussed? Support docs?)?
- **Information sharing** *Is information shared among relevant stakeholders (including external audiences)? How?*
- **Staff / Continuity** are the right staff in place, and is the control tower robust to changes in staff / management?





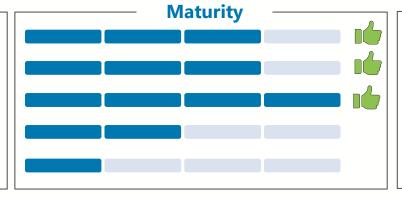


Control Tower: Maturity assessment – for discussion

DATA FLOW

Indicator

- Inputs
- Data collection
- Data transformation
- Automation
- Visualization and Reporting

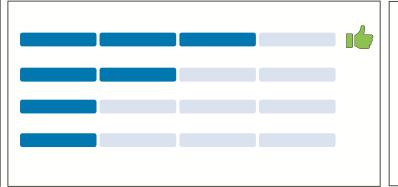


Potential areas of improvement

- Extend visualization and reporting for **internal** and **external** purposes
- Include additional inputs (e.g., costs) and improve tracking of lead times
- Automate inbound processes, including systematization

ANALYTICS

- Operational Alerts
- Data Analytics
- Cost-efficiency analysis
- Allocation optimization



- Conduct regular data-driven analysis on the efficiency of the supply chain (cost, lead times, forecasts).
- Shift towards **Prescriptive** Analytics
- Make use of advanced mathematical models to **optimize allocation** (ex. volumes to **trains and transporters**)

VTEGRATEI PI ANNING

- Process
- Stakeholder engagement
- Meetings
- Information sharing
- Staff / Continuity



- Invest in integrated planning to include **entire** panel of stakeholders
- Integrate usage of the CT as a basis for discussions and decision-making
- **Institutionalize** the Control Tower

ANALYTICS

Proposed areas for collaborations – for discussion

Improvement of Data Visualization of key steps of the supply chain by designing a Dashboard for internal and/or external purposes that integrates the individual Excel dashboards into a single visual overview



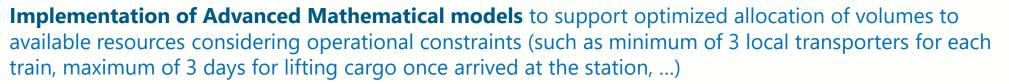
Inclusion of additional inputs – for example costs

Improvement of Data tracking in particular lead times and delays – at Djibouti port, in-land transportation



Support to perform Cost-efficiency Analysis to be regularly performed

Automation and systematization of data inputs, analysis, and visualization (longer term)





Institutionalization of the Control Tower Approach (staff, integration in processes, external coms, etc.)

Integration of all the analyses done by the Control Tower into a single holistic overview to drive meetings



CONOPS 2022: end-to-end Supply Chain Plan for the next fertilizer season



Visualization and Reporting

Illustrative examples for a potential holistic
Operational Dashboard for integrated planning & operations management

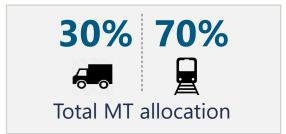




Fertilizer Overview - sample

1.8M

Total MT distributed 90% of target 2.0M

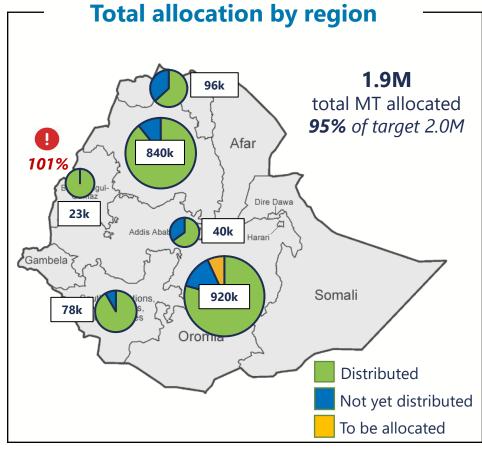


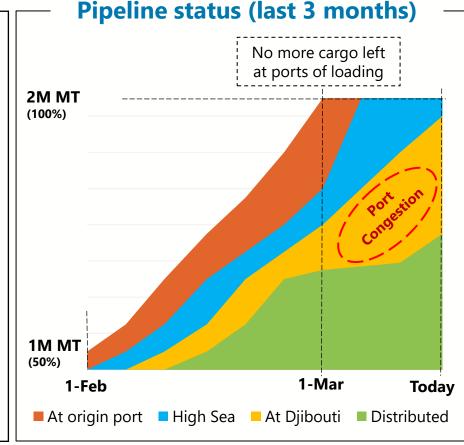
10 days

to complete distribution **97% time passed**

X M Birr

Total cost **20% transport costs**





Average Delays

Actual vs Forecast per vessel

- **5.8 days** supplier delays (departure port of loading)
- **3.7 days** on high seas (delayed arrival at Djibouti)
- **1.2 days** for berthing (ETB->ETC)
- **2 days** per transporter (late deliveries of trucks)

Highlights & Actions required

- 4 vessels at Anchorage are incurring into berthing delays
- Truck-Rail re-allocation needed due to unavailable warehouse capacity



Daily Shipping tracking Report - sample

20 (67%)

vessels discharged of a total nominated 30. (including ongoing discharges)

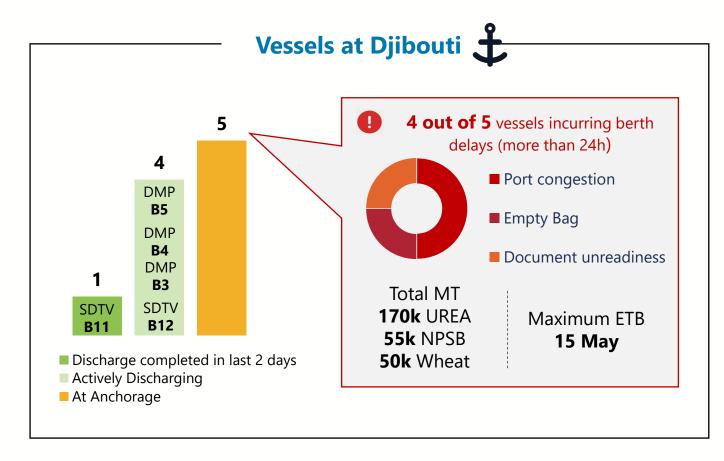
6 (24%)

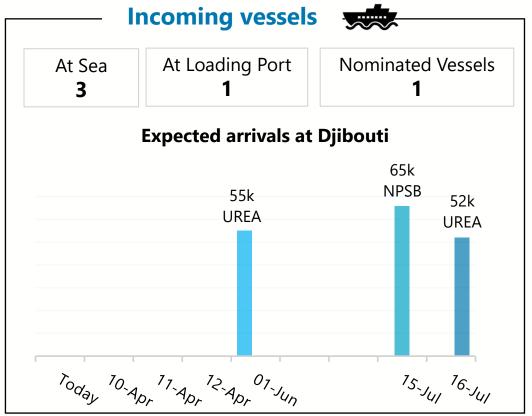
Total Berth Readiness (vessels able to berth within 24h of arrival)

4 (16%)

Total Empty Bag issues (number of vessels without sufficient empty bags, including at anchorage)

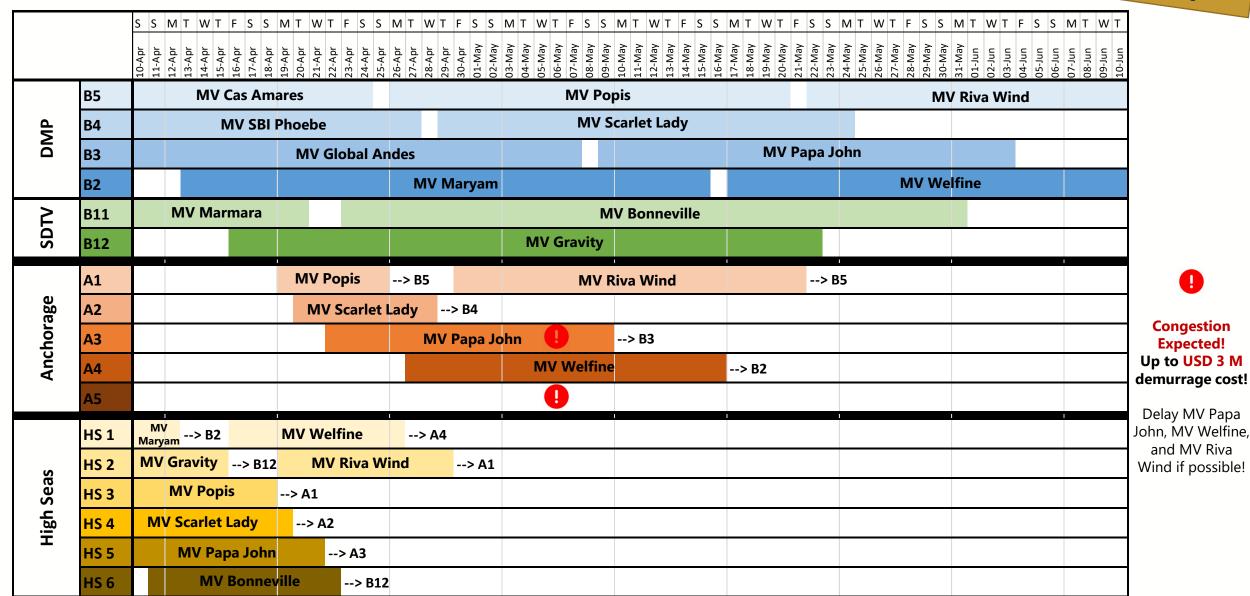
X BirrTotal demurrage costs





Djibouti Port Overview: Berth, Anchorage, and Expected 2-month outlook

illustrative



illustrative

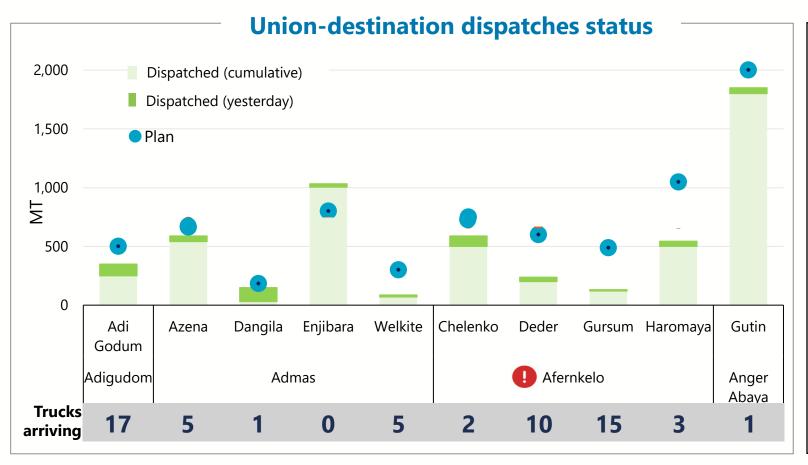
Daily Tracking Distribution details - sample

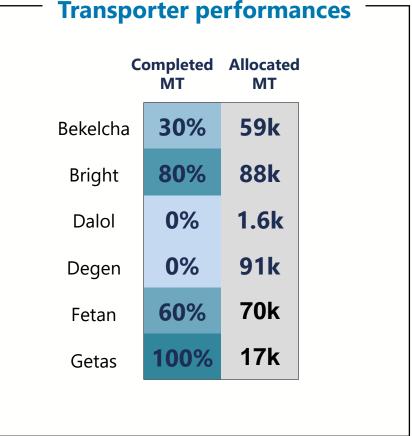
250 ♣ 37 = 12,590 MT

Daily Uplift Target required to finish on June 1st

18 → 0 ≥ = 765 MT

Performance Yesterday

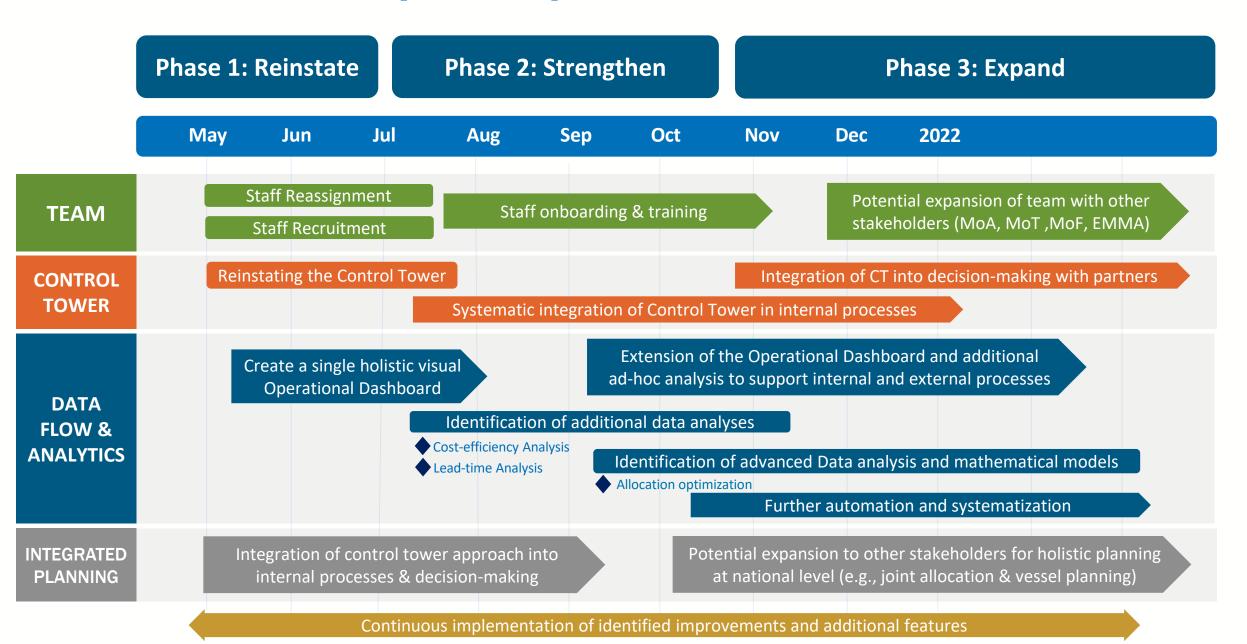




Proposed Approach



Potential Roadmap for implementation – for discussion



WFP Proposed Support – for discussion

Assumptions

Based on the drafted Roadmap, we foresee the following support to be potentially provided during the project duration, **assuming a strong collaboration with a full structured Control Tower team** over the next months (with no interruption during the summer period) to set up strong basis for the opening of the next fertilizer season.

Support with the Team onboarding process to ensure an efficient reinstate of the Control Tower tool and approach and to introduce the staff to the overall project, as well as strengthening the ESLSE – WFP working relationship.

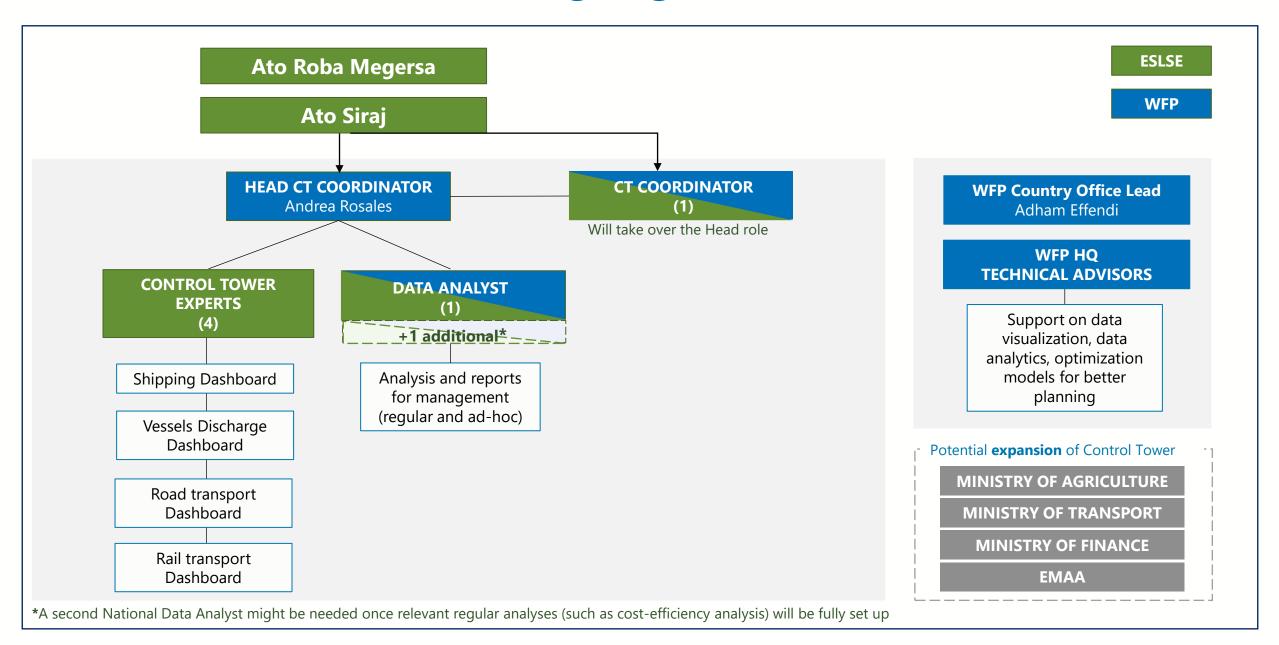
Support in setting up regular internal technical and cross functional management meetings (CT team/ESLSE management/other ESLSE department/external actors). Facilitate discussion to ensure progresses of the project against goals and ensure a clear dissemination and utilization of the Control Tower tool key findings and Operational Dashboard for better decision-making.

Support ESLSE with internal/external institutionalization of the CT approach

Identify and implement **supply chain planning and data-analyses techniques** in close collaboration with the Control Tower team, in particular to:

- Improve and extend the Control Tower to include additional relevant data (cost, lead time information, etc.),
- Implement a new holistic Operational Dashboard to provide a single and comprehensive overview of the operation (initial software utilized will be Excel and Power Point pragmatic approach),
- Set up and perform basic cost-efficiency analysis,
- Set up and perform advanced data analyses such as Allocation Optimization.

Control Tower: Potential Organigram – for discussion



Thank you for the attention and your support

